

PRESIDENT REVIEWS NAVAL SQUADRON

Flower of United States Navy Under
Critical Eyes.

IMPRESSIVE NAVAL SPECTACLE

Nearly Every Type of Fighting Vessel in the Navy Comprised in Review—President Entertains Distinguished Representatives.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 18.—For the first time in the history of the country the president of the United States reviewed and inspected, in time of peace, a great fleet of United States warships. The ceremony was a magnificent and impressive naval spectacle. It was unmarred by the slightest mishap until just at its conclusion, when the torpedo boat destroyer Barry rammed the destroyer Decatur, fortunately, however, doing little damage.

The review occurred on Long Island sound two miles and a half off the entry to Oyster Bay. The president, Secretary Moody, Admiral Dewey, Rear-Admiral Taylor, Rear-Admiral Rodgers, Capt. Brownson, Gen. Chaffee and Gen. Barry, stood on the bridge of the auxiliary cruiser Mayflower as she steamed slowly down one column of the warships and up the other.

The President's Reception.

At the conclusion of the review, President Roosevelt received on board the Mayflower Rear-Admiral Albert S. Barker, commander-in-chief of the North Atlantic fleet; Rear-Admiral James A. Sands, commander of the Caribbean squadron; Rear-Admiral Joseph H. Coghlan, commanding the coast squadron, and Rear-Admiral William S. Wager, commanding the training squadron. He also received the captains and commanding officers of the 22 vessels in the fleet.

He received also the naval attaches to the legations of four of the great powers, Capt. Decatur, of the British embassy; Capt. Edwin Schaefer, of the German embassy; Commander W. C. Geraschoff, of the Russian embassy, and Lieutenant Commander Isamu Takeshika, of the Japanese legation.

Among the other guests of the president on board the Mayflower were Assistant Secretary of War Sanger, Sir Thomas Lipton, Butler Dineen, Commander Bourne, of the New York Yacht Club, Col. Sharrman-Crawford, a representative of the Royal Yacht Club and Emilien Roosevelt.

President Roosevelt entertained his guests and all the commanding officers of the fleet at a delightful luncheon on board the Mayflower.

Toast to Foreign Powers.

During the luncheon the president rose and said: "We have with us today representatives of the great powers, Great Britain, Germany, Russia and Japan. I ask you to drink to these great powers and their sovereigns."

"The toast was drunk standing. Then, the president continued: 'We also have with us representatives of an international incident. As to that, may the best boat win.'"

With laughter and applause that toast likewise was drunk by the guests standing.

Powers' Toast to the President.

Capt. Decatur, of the British embassy, addressed the president as follows: "In the name of my colleagues, in the name of our sovereigns and in the name of our countries, I desire to thank you. I propose the health of the president of the United States."

Rising again the guests drank the toast heartily.

At the conclusion of the luncheon, the officers returned to their ships. At 12:30 the president left the Mayflower in a large for the flagship Kearsarge to return the call of Rear-Admiral Barker. He was accompanied by Secretary Moody, Admiral Dewey, Rear-Admiral Rodgers, Rear-Admiral Taylor, Gen. Chaffee and Commander Albert Gleaves of the Mayflower.

After chatting with Admiral Barker and casually inspecting the Kearsarge the president, before visiting the other flagships to return the calls of the rear-admirals, addressed the enlisted men and officers of the ship. When they had been drawn up on the gun deck he spoke as follows:

Address to Officers and Men.

"Officers and enlisted men: I wish to say a word of thanks to you on behalf of the people of the United States. There are many public servants whom I hold in high esteem, but there are no others whom I hold in quite the esteem I do the officers and enlisted men of the navy and the army of the United States."

Cheers for Admiral Dewey.

When the president spoke of Admiral Dewey he turned toward him and bowed. The admiral answered the bow. The men interrupted to cheer first the president and then the admiral.

At the conclusion of the ceremony the band played the "Star Spangled Banner."

CANAL TREATY REJECTED

Widespread Disappointment at Action of Colombian Senate.

Encroachment on Colombian Sovereignty Resulting From the Treaty Given as Cause of Rejection.

Colon, Colombia, Aug. 18.—All Colon and the Isthmus of Panama is in a fever of excitement and widespread disappointment at the rejection of the canal treaty by the Colombian senate. High authorities on the isthmus express the opinion that President Roosevelt possibly may insist on the right of the United States to purchase the canal enterprise from the French company. Colombia already having sanctioned the sale, and then take immediate steps to show Colombia that the United States is determined to go through with the matter, at the same time informing the Colombian government that the obstacles in the way of the transfer, viz, the questions of money and the sovereignty and jurisdiction over the territory involved, etc., are questions for subsequent settlement and possible arbitration at The Hague. Other people think that Colombia will soon recognize the seriousness of her mistake in rejecting the treaty, as the United States and the European nations will surely lose no time in forcing a settlement of their claims on Colombia.

Senator Oscar Teran, one of the congressmen for the isthmus, writing to a friend here about a week ago, said:

"The opinion of the senate as far as it is possible to judge is opposed to ratification and probably the treaty will be rejected on the ground that it is an open violation of the constitution of the republic, which does not provide for a cession by treaty of sovereignty. If the treaty is rejected by the senate, that would be the end of it. If it is passed by the senate it must go to the house of representatives, as ratification, according to our laws, must be accorded by both houses."

THE WORLD'S FAIR LAGOONS.

More Than a Mile of Wide Lagoons, Studded With Varied Water Craft to the Main Picture.

St. Louis, Aug. 18.—Electric launches, large electric barges, Venetian gondolas and a large number of other small craft will ply the mile of waterways at the World's fair next year. The large boats will run over regular courses carrying passengers between landings, which will be supplied in various parts of the grounds. The lagoons reach every section of the main picture of the exposition, passing by the facades of many of the big exhibit palaces and offering an unexampled view of the cascades and fountains. The Intramural railroad and the miniature railway do not reach this district, so that the water transportation will be an attractive means of travel in the "main picture."

The electric launches will carry about 22 persons each; the barges, 75 persons each; and the picturesque gondolas, with singing gondoliers, will carry from eight to twenty persons each. The latter will be rented by the hour. All boats will be equipped with awnings. Besides these boats there will be operated a fleet of water craft of all nations, including the houseboat of China, the baloo of India, the outrigger of the South Sea islands, the surf boats of Hawaii, the canoes and dug-outs of the American Indian and the catamaran of Australia. Novelty boats designed to represent peacocks, swans, sea serpents and other real and fabled beings will also be operated. Special boats decorated and equipped with music and singing gondoliers will be maintained for private floating parties which will be a social feature of the exposition.

WORLD'S FAIR SCULPTURE.

How the Decorative Statuary of the World's Greatest Exposition Is Produced.

St. Louis, Aug. 18.—The sculpture for the decoration of the buildings and grounds of the Louisiana Purchase exposition is first modelled in the studios of the different sculptors commissioned to do the respective works and is then enlarged or "built up" in a large workshop at Hoboken, N. J., and at the World's fair grounds in St. Louis. The work of enlarging requires the services of a large force of men and makes a busy industry. Many of those so employed are students and young sculptors, who thus obtain a livelihood while studying art, and at the same time have an opportunity to make progress in knowledge of the art of sculpture and skill in modelling.

The preparation of the decorative sculpture for so vast an exposition as the World's fair at St. Louis is a monumental task. It engages the attention of over eighty sculptors, besides the large number of men—about ninety—employed in the enlargement work. This activity goes on under the direction of the well-known sculptor Karl Bitter.

WARM GREETINGS OF OLD COMRADES

Magnificent Reception to Old Veterans in California.

CITY ELABORATELY DECORATED

Possibly Nothing Finer in American Meetings of Old Friends, Many of Whom Had Not Met in Years—Many Touching Incidents.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—The members of the Grand Army of the Republic who have been arriving by every train for the past week to attend their thirty-seventh annual national encampment, were treated to a genuine surprise Monday night. As they came from the east and south they had noted that the city was in gala attire. They had seen business buildings decorated in the national colors and had casually observed the wires strung across the principal streets. The twin Gothic arches erected in the center of the business section of the city also came in for a share of appreciation.

A Veritable Aspect of Delight.

But this gave way to admiration as darkness fell and the electric current was turned on. Then suddenly, as if by the call of a magician's wand, the city was transformed from its daily commercial aspect into a veritable aspect of delight. The Gothic arches spanning the principal avenues elaborate in their decorations and crowned with flags, suddenly burst into bloom, each a marvel of color and artistic design. Possibly nothing finer had been seen in America, certainly nothing of equal beauty in this city.

Old Comrades Exchange Greetings.

Glancing along Market street, the city's main thoroughfare, the eye was met at every point by fluttering flags and lights that bore the national colors swinging from slender waves of wire. The evening was a perfect one, so far as weather was concerned, and the streets were thronged until a late hour with visiting veterans and their friends.

The events of the day were of the routine order, nothing special being on the programme. Arriving delegations were received and escorted to the quarters assigned to them, old friends exchanged greetings, and many excursions were made to nearby points of interest. Monday night receptions were held by several California and Nevada posts.

ST. LOUIS MAY CAPTURE PRIZE.

Stands Good Chance of Securing G. A. R. Encampment in 1904.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—St. Louis and Salt Lake City are the chief competitors of Denver in the contest for the meeting place of the national encampment in 1904. All three cities are making strong fight, but talks with many delegates indicate that St. Louis stands a good chance of capturing the prize. The argument presented that visitors to the G. A. R. reunion will also have an opportunity of seeing the World's fair has had much weight, which may be shown when the ballot is taken.

All of the state delegations are now established in their headquarters, most of which have been concentrated within a few blocks of the triumphal arches at the intersection of Market, Kearney, Geary and Third streets.

Eastern Veterans Warmly Greeted.

Meetings of old friends, many of whom had not seen each other for years, were frequent during the day. Members of California posts were especially warm in their greetings of their comrades from the east. The simultaneous arrival of a large delegation from the Sacramento valley and of a trainload of easterners, Monday, caused a temporary blockade on Montgomery street, but all were soon assigned to comfortable quarters.

The leading officers and many members of the Women's Relief Corps and Ladies of the G. A. R. are here, and interesting sessions of these auxiliary bodies are anticipated.

THE MISSOURI STATE FAIR.

First Day of Exhibition Attracts Large Attendance—All Buildings Filled With Exhibits.

Sedalia, Mo., Aug. 18.—The third annual exhibition of the Missouri state fair opened here Monday morning. The five new buildings constructed this year have been fully completed and are nearly filled with exhibits. There was a complete readiness this year for the opening, and the fair promises to be the best one held since it became a state institution. The stock show was excellent last year, but it is larger and better this year, while the poultry show surpasses anything of the kind ever seen in the west.

The gates were thrown open to visitors and it is estimated that 19,000 persons were on the grounds.



Give Warning of Approach of More Serious Trouble.

Do you experience fits of depression with restlessness, alternating with extreme irritability, bordering upon hysteria? Are your spirits easily affected so that one minute you laugh, and the next fall into convulsive weeping?

Do you feel something like a ball rising in your throat and threatening to choke you; all the senses perverted, morbidly sensitive to light and sound; pain in the ovaries, and especially between the shoulders; sometimes loss of voice; nervous dyspepsia, and almost continually cross and snappy, with a tendency to cry at the least provocation?

If so, your nerves are in a shattered condition, and you are threatened with nervous prostration.

Undoubtedly you do not know it, but in nine cases out of ten this is caused by some uterine disorder, and the nerves centering in and about the organs which make you a woman influence your entire nervous system. Something must be done at once to restore their natural condition or you will be prostrated for weeks and months perhaps, and suffer untold misery.

Proof is monumental that nothing in the world is better for this purpose than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; thousands and thousands of women have written us so.

How Mrs. Holland, of Philadelphia, suffered among the finest physicians in the country, none of whom could help her—finally cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For over two years I was a constant sufferer from extreme nervousness, indigestion, and dizziness. Menstruation was irregular, had backache and a feeling of great lassitude and weakness. I was so bad that I was not able to do my own work or go far in the street. I could not sleep nights.

"I tried several splendid doctors, but they gave me no relief. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I soon began to feel better, and was able to go out and not feel as if I would fall at every step. I continued to take the medicine until cured.

"I cannot say enough in behalf of Lydia E. Pinkham's medicine, and heartily recommend all suffering women to try it and find the relief I did."—MRS. FLORENCE HOLLAND, 622 S. Clifton St., Philadelphia, Pa. (Jan. 6, 1902.)

Another case of severe female trouble cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after the doctors had failed.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was in poor health for several years. I had female trouble and was not able to do my housework alone. I felt tired, very nervous, and could not sleep. I doctored with several doctors. They doctored me for my stomach, but did not relieve me. I read in your book about your medicine, and thought I would try it. I did so, and am now cured and able to do my work alone, and feel good. I was always very poor, but now weigh one hundred and fifty pounds.

"I thank you for the relief I have obtained, and I hope that every woman troubled with female weakness will give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. I have recommended it to many of my friends."—MRS. MARIA BOWERS, Millersville, Ohio. (Aug. 15, 1901.)

Will not the volumes of letters from women made strong by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound convince all of the virtues of this medicine?

How shall the fact that it will help them be made plain?

Surely you cannot wish to remain weak, and sick, and discouraged, exhausted with each day's work. You have some derangement of the feminine organism, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you just as surely as it has others.

NERVOUS WOMEN

Nine out of ten women are nervous—suffering in silence. Sick headache is one of the first symptoms—things go on from bad to worse until utter collapse.

Don't delay—if you have frequent headaches that is a sure indication your stomach is wrong. Indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney troubles soon follow.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

(A LAXATIVE)

will quickly seek out and correct stomach complications—headaches disappear, your appetite is good, refreshing sleep is induced.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is very pleasant to take, and is sold by all druggists—50c and \$1 bottles.

SENT FREE. Trial bottle and valuable book on stomach troubles.

PEPSIN SYRUP COMPANY
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NO MONEY TILL CURED. 25 YEARS ESTABLISHED.

We send FREE and postpaid a 200 page treatise on Piles, Fistula and Diseases of the Rectum; also 100 page book, treatise on Diseases of Women. Of the thousands cured by our mild method, none paid a cent till cured—we furnish their names on application.

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